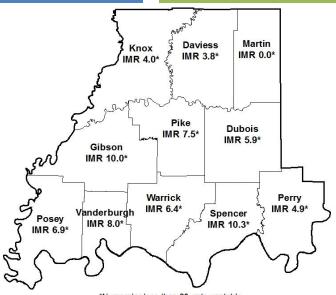
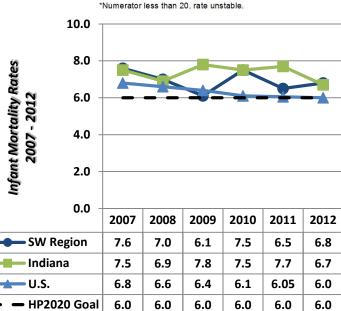
INFANT MORTALITY

SOUTHWESTERN HOSPITAL REGION 2012



For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2012/toc.htm)





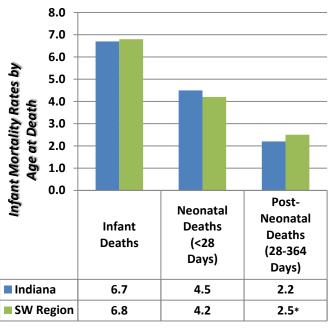
Note: U.S. 2012 rate is PROVISIONAL

PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

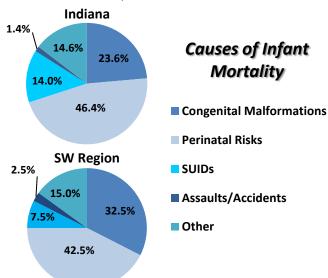
- Improve overall health for women of childbearing age
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance abuse
- Promote safe sleep practices
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness

INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday
- •The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births
- Of the 556 Indiana infant deaths in 2012, 40 occurred in the Southwestern Region
- Black infants are 2.7 times more likely to die than white infants in Indiana and 1.5 times more likely in the Southwestern Region



*Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.



BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS SOUTHWESTERN HOSPITAL REGION 2012



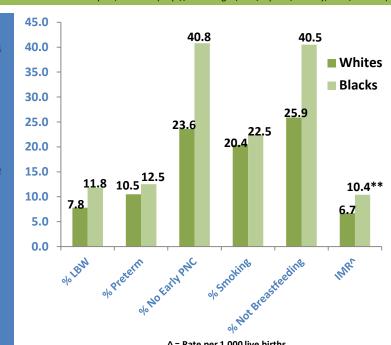
For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Natality Report, Table 32 (http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/natality/2012/toc.htm)

INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- •Smoking rates among pregnant women are always one of the nation's worst
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC
- Black women in Indiana are more likely to have a LBW or preterm baby & not get early PNC
- White women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy

SOUTHWESTERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- Higher percentages of LBW and preterm babies than Indiana
- Larger percentage of women receiving early PNC
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy
- Lower rate of women breastfeeding at hospital discharge



- ^ = Rate per 1,000 live births
- * Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.
- ** Less than 5 birth outcomes, rate unstable.

LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate

	% LBW (< 2,500 G)	% PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING
DAVIESS	6.6	11.6	36.7	12.6	24.5
	16.5% Lower	20.8% Higher	16.1% Higher	23.6% Lower	0.4% Higher
DUBOIS	8.1	12.4	25.0	13.6	22.4
	2.5% Higher	29.2% Higher	20.9% Lower	17.6% Lower	8.2% Lower
GIBSON	7.7	9.7	18.7	21.4	25.1
	2.5% Lower	1.0% Higher	40.8% Lower	29.7% Higher	2.9% Higher
KNOX	6.7	9.1	18.6	30.7	38.6
	15.2% Lower	5.2% Lower	41.1% Lower	86.1% Higher	58.2% Higher
MARTIN	7.1*	11.4*	29.8	22.0	34.8
			5.7% Lower	33.3% Higher	42.6% Higher
PERRY	5.8*	6.3*	22.3	26.7	37.9
			29.4% Lower	61.8% Higher	55.3% Higher
PIKE	11.3*	12.8*	24.1	33.1	31.6
			23.7% Lower	100.6% Higher	29.5% Higher
POSEY	7.2	6.9	19.0	21.7	23.5
	8.9% Lower	28.1% Lower	39.9% Lower	31.5% Higher	3.7% Lower
SPENCER	3.6*	8.8*	20.6	15.5	34.5
			34.8% Lower	6.1% Lower	41.4% Higher
VANDERBURG	8.9	11.0	27.3	19.9	23.9
	12.7% Higher	14.6% Higher	13.6% Lower	20.6% Higher	2.0% Lower
WARRICK	8.6	10.6	19.0	15.2	22.4
	8.9% Higher	10.4% Higher	39.9% Lower	7.9% Lower	8.2% Lower
SOUTHWESTERN	8.0	10.5	24.9	19.8	26.3
REGION	1.3% Higher	9.4% Higher	21.2% Lower	20.0% Higher	7.8% Higher
INDIANA	7.9	9.6	31.6	16.5	24.4

^{* =} Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 birth outcomes. •Bottom number is percent difference from State.